

Winmalee Wastewater Treatment Plant

June Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1963

Summary period: 01-06-2019 to 30-06-2019

Date obtained: 11-07-2019

Date published: 17-07-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.3
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.7
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	<1	1
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	389
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.22	0.95
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	8.26	9.55	11.7
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.09	0.1	0.15
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Winmalee Wastewater Treatment Plant

May Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1963

Summary period: 01-05-2019 to 31-05-2019

Date obtained: 07-06-2019

Date published: 12-06-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	7
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.3
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	2	7	16
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	354
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.15	0.68
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	7.9	9.33	11.3
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.08	0.1	0.13
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Winmalee Wastewater Treatment Plant

April Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1963

Summary period: 01-04-2019 to 30-04-2019

Date obtained: 08-05-2019

Date published: 13-05-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.4
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.8
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	4	7	10
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	448
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.06	0.2
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	7.94	8.89	10
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.1	0.12	0.14
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	12

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Winmalee Wastewater Treatment Plant

March Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1963

Summary period: 01-03-2019 to 31-03-2019

Date obtained: 09-04-2019

Date published: 12-04-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	7
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	0.04
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.4
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.4
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	6	26	67
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	265
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.01	0.02	0.02
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	6.33	8.34	11.4
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.11	0.13	0.17
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Winmalee Wastewater Treatment Plant

February Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1963

Summary period: 01-02-2019 to 28-02-2019

Date obtained: 11-03-2019

Date published: 15-03-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	4	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	4	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.3
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.4
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	4	20	59	140
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	402
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	4	0.02	0.12	0.42
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	4	8.14	8.69	9.12
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	4	0.14	0.17	0.2
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	4	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	12

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Winmalee Wastewater Treatment Plant

January Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1963

Summary period: 01-01-2019 to 31-01-2019

Date obtained: 13-02-2019

Date published: 22-02-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	15
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.5
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.3
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	<1	6	17
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	652
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.57	1.91
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	7.65	8.17	8.9
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.13	0.17	0.23
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	13

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Winmalee Wastewater Treatment Plant

December Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1963

Summary period: 01-12-2018 to 31-12-2018

Date obtained: 14-01-2019

Date published: 18-01-2019

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	6
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.4
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.6
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	24	79
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	316
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.04	0.36	1.05
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	4.96	8.2	11
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.09	0.11	0.13
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Winmalee Wastewater Treatment Plant

November Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1963

Summary period: 01-11-2018 to 30-11-2018

Date obtained: 04-12-2018

Date published: 18-12-2018

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	6
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.3
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	5.7
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	7	28	70
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	264
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.39	1.01
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	7.18	8.36	9.67
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.1	0.14	0.18
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	13

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Winmalee Wastewater Treatment Plant

October Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1963

Summary period: 01-10-2018 to 31-10-2018

Date obtained: 12-11-2018

Date published: 23-11-2018

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.4
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.2
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	13	38
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	599
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.06	1	3.36
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	5.98	7.78	9.62
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.12	0.16	0.28
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	18

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Winmalee Wastewater Treatment Plant

September Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1963

Summary period: 01-09-2018 to 30-09-2018

Date obtained: 15-10-2018

Date published: 19-10-2018

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	3	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.4
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.3
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	6	138	620
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	540
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.29	1.35
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	5.15	7.73	10.3
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.1	0.11	0.13
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	16

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Winmalee Wastewater Treatment Plant

August Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1963

Summary period: 01-08-2018 to 31-08-2018

Date obtained: 11-09-2018

Date published: 14-09-2018

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.4
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	6	21	46
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	299
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.16	0.72
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	6.74	7.7	8.83
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.07	0.08	0.09
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2

Winmalee Wastewater Treatment Plant

July Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1963

Summary period: 01-07-2018 to 31-07-2018

Date obtained: 09-08-2018

Date published: 14-08-2018

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004		Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	0.08
cobalt	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.3
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	5.9
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	<1	2
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	328
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.23	0.48
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	6.98	8.4	10.6
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.07	0.07	0.08
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2