Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility June Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-06-2024 to 30-06-2024 Date obtained: 08-07-2024 Date published: 22-07-2024 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Sydney

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Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	3	yes		

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	33	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	5.8	12	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	2.9	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	6	20	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility May Pollution Monitoring Summary

Sydney WATER

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-05-2024 to 31-05-2024 Date obtained: 08-06-2024 Date published: 14-06-2024 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	38	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	212	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	9	12.6	17	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	7.7	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	5	29	66	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility April Pollution Monitoring Summary

Sydney WATER

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-04-2024 to 30-04-2024 Date obtained: 06-05-2024 Date published: 20-05-2024 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	18	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point descrip	tion: At the inle	t to the efflue	nt pumping	station	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	12
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	5	9.4	14
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.9
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	3	11

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility March Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-03-2024 to 31-03-2024 Date obtained: 08-04-2024 Date published: 18-04-2024 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

WATER

Sydney

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	17
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	8	10	13
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.8
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	3	8

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility February Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-02-2024 to 29-02-2024 Date obtained: 11-03-2024 Date published: 22-03-2024 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

WATER

Sydney

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	4	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	6	7.2	9		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.1		
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	2	8		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility January Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-01-2024 to 31-01-2024 Date obtained: 05-02-2024 Date published: 19-02-2024 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

WATER

Sydney

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	3	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	47
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	7	10.2	15
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.7
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	4	7

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility December Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-12-2023 to 31-12-2023 Date obtained: 12-01-2024 Date published: 22-01-2024 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

WATER

Sydney

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	3	yes		

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	24	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	7	8.8	10	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.8	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	8	29	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility November Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-11-2023 to 30-11-2023 Date obtained: 13-12-2023 Date published: 19-12-2023 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

WATER

Sydney

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	5	yes		

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	126	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	8	11.4	19	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	7.7	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	8	23	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility October Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-10-2023 to 31-10-2023 Date obtained: 07-11-2023 Date published: 17-11-2023 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

WATER

Sydney

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes		

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	3	5	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.1	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	2	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility September Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-09-2023 to 30-09-2023 Date obtained: 02-10-2023 Date published: 13-10-2023 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

WATER

Sydney

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes		

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	20	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3	7	13	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.7	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility August Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-08-2023 to 31-08-2023 Date obtained: 04-09-2023 Date published: 14-09-2023 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

WATER

Sydney

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of sampling 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual with					
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	2	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	52	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	6	12.4	34	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.2	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	7	35	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Water Resource Recovery Facility July Pollution Monitoring Summary

Sydney WATER

EPL 218

Summary period: 01-07-2023 to 31-07-2023 Date obtained: 05-08-2023 Date published: 15-08-2023 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	2	yes			

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	30	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	4.8	6	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.1	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.