Wollongong Wastewater Treatment Plant June Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 218

Summary period: 01-06-2022 to 30-06-2022 Date obtained: 07-07-2022 Date published: 15-07-2022 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	3	yes			

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	7
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	5
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Wastewater Treatment Plant May Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 218

Summary period: 01-05-2022 to 31-05-2022 Date obtained: 08-06-2022 Date published: 17-06-2022 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes			

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	9
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	7.2	17
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	5	12
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.6
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	12	29

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Wastewater Treatment Plant April Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 218

Summary period: 01-04-2022 to 30-04-2022 Date obtained: 09-05-2022 Date published: 20-05-2022 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	25	yes		

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	126
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3	5.2	8
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	2	8
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	8.8
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3	10	19

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Wastewater Treatment Plant March Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 218

Summary period: 01-03-2022 to 31-03-2022 Date obtained: 08-04-2022 Date published: 21-04-2022 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	53	no ¹			

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

¹ Under Environmental Licence 218 conditions, as set by the NSW Environment Protection Licence Authority, exceedance of the 3DGM concentration limit is permitted when a wet weather bypass is the sole cause of the exceedance. Wet weather in 1-10 March resulted int he plant operating under wet weather requirements.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	933	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3	9	22	
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	6	18	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	26.8	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3	20	52	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Wastewater Treatment Plant February Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 218

Summary period: 01-02-2022 to 28-02-2022 Date obtained: 12-03-2022 Date published: 24-03-2022 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	3	yes		

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	10
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3	7.6	22
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	4	20
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.2
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	9	37

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Wastewater Treatment Plant January Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 218

Summary period: 01-01-2022 to 31-01-2022 Date obtained: 08-02-2022 Date published: 11-02-2022 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	9	yes			

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	101
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	5.4	9
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	6
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	5.9
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	8	16

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Wastewater Treatment Plant December Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 218

Summary period: 01-12-2021 to 31-12-2021 Date obtained: 07-01-2022 Date published: 20-01-2022 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point descript	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	3	yes			

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	21
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	5.2	9
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.9
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	6

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Wastewater Treatment Plant November Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 218

Summary period: 01-11-2021 to 30-11-2021 Date obtained: 10-12-2021 Date published: 17-12-2021 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	3	yes		

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	92
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	5	6.6	8
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	2	7
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.7
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2	10	28

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Wastewater Treatment Plant October Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 218

Summary period: 01-10-2021 to 31-10-2021 Date obtained: 08-11-2021 Date published: 12-11-2021 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes		

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	12
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	4	5.17	7
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	5
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	2	8

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Wastewater Treatment Plant September Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 218

Summary period: 01-09-2021 to 30-09-2021 Date obtained: 05-10-2021 Date published: 13-10-2021 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	2	yes			

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	14
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	4.4	7
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.4
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Wastewater Treatment Plant August Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 218

Summary period: 01-08-2021 to 31-08-2021 Date obtained: 06-09-2021 Date published: 13-09-2021 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes			

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	20
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	5	5.8	7
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.6
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Wollongong Wastewater Treatment Plant July Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 218

Summary period: 01-07-2021 to 31-07-2021 Date obtained: 04-08-2021 Date published: 18-08-2021 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation PO Box 399 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	<2	yes			

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WO0005	Point description: At the inlet to the effluent pumping station					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	21
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	5.2	8
carbonaceous biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.4
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.