Winmalee Water Resource Recovery Facility March Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-03-2025 to 31-03-2025

Date obtained: 08-04-2025

Date published: 22-04-2025



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point descrip	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge					rge
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	29
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	1.3
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	4	13
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	20
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.02	0.05	0.15
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.95	1.08	1.41
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.03	0.04	0.06
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	22

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Winmalee Water Resource Recovery Facility February Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-02-2025 to 28-02-2025

Date obtained: 04-03-2025

Date published: 15-03-2025



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point descrip	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point descript	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	33	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	4	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100	
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	4	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	
cobalt	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	_	0.4	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	3.8	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	4	2	12	23	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	14	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	4	0.02	0.03	0.04	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	4	0.93	1.82	3.5	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	4	0.05	0.06	0.07	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	4	<2	<2	<2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	27	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Winmalee Water Resource Recovery Facility January Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-01-2025 to 31-01-2025

Date obtained: 09-02-2025

Date published: 21-02-2025



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point descrip	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limit						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	38
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	3.7
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	1	6	20
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.03	0.03
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.23	1.95	3.38
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.05	0.07
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	32

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Winmalee Water Resource Recovery Facility December Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-12-2024 to 31-12-2024

Date obtained: 09-01-2025

Date published: 23-01-2025



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	20
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.2
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	2	3
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	11
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.01	0.08	0.24
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.79	1.14	1.49
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.03	0.04	0.05
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	21

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Winmalee Water Resource Recovery Facility November Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-11-2024 to 30-11-2024

Date obtained: 03-12-2024

Date published: 13-12-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point descrip	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	19
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	2.4
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	1	3
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	12
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.01	<0.01	0.01
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.96	1.12	1.29
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.05	0.05
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	20

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Winmalee Water Resource Recovery Facility October Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-10-2024 to 31-10-2024

Date obtained: 04-11-2024

Date published: 15-11-2024

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Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point descrip	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limit						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	21
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	3.2
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	1	2
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	17
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.01	0.01
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.42	3.08	7.17
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.12	0.21
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	17

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Winmalee Water Resource Recovery Facility **September Pollution Monitoring Summary**



Summary period: 01-09-2024 to 30-09-2024

Date obtained: 09-10-2024

Date published: 23-10-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point descrip	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	15	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	19
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	4
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	2	5
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	9
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.01	0.01
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.11	3.89	4.70
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.11	0.14	0.20
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	18

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Winmalee Water Resource Recovery Facility August Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-08-2024 to 31-08-2024

Date obtained: 07-09-2024

Date published: 13-09-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point descrip	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	15	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge					rge
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	19
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
cobalt	ug/L	biannually	1	-	_	0.1
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	1.6
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	3	8
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	22
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.02	0.04
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.01	2.84	3.86
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.04	0.05
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	14

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Winmalee Water Resource Recovery Facility July Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-07-2024 to 31-07-2024

Date obtained: 13-08-2024

Date published: 27-08-2024

Sydney **WAT ₹R**

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point descrip	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	15	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code WM0004	Point description: Downstream of the chamber prior to discharge					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	25
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	0.04
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	2.5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	2	8
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	21
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.01	0.82	4.07
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	1.93	3.80	9.14
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.04	0.06
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	22

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.