West Camden Water Resource Recovery Facility June Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-06-2024 to 30-06-2024

Date obtained: 04-07-2024

Date published: 15-07-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	63	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	6	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100	
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	0.6	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	2	7	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	28	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.14	0.66	1.07	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	6.86	8.98	12.8	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.2	0.53	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	2	11	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	18	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

West Camden Water Resource Recovery Facility May Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-05-2024 to 31-05-2024

Date obtained: 11-06-2024

Date published: 21-06-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	63	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100	
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	0.8	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	1	4	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	34	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.51	1.59	2.71	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	8.41	10.6	14.2	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.09	0.17	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	18	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

West Camden Water Resource Recovery Facility April Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 1675

Summary period: 01-04-2024 to 30-04-2024

Date obtained: 06-05-2024

Date published: 20-05-2024

Sydney **WAT ₹R**

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	59	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	100	
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	8.0	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	31	150	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	35	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.12	1.5	2.79	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	6.98	9.67	12.4	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.09	0.32	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	17	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

West Camden Water Resource Recovery Facility March Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-03-2024 to 31-03-2024

Date obtained: 09-04-2024

Date published: 23-04-2024

Sydney **WAT ₹R**

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point descript	ion: At the outle	et of the chlo	rine contact	tank	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	98
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	1.2
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	1	2	3
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	34
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.79	2.08
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	10.4	12.62	15.3
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.03	0.04
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	17

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

West Camden Water Resource Recovery Facility February Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 1675

Summary period: 01-02-2024 to 29-02-2024

Date obtained: 12-03-2024

Date published: 25-03-2024

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PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	58	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100	
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	
cobalt	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	_	0.4	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	8.0	
cyanide	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	_	<5	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	2	9	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	30	
nickel	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	_	2.4	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	1.15	2.72	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	6.76	10.02	11.6	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.03	0.06	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	13	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

West Camden Water Resource Recovery Facility January Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 1675

Summary period: 01-01-2024 to 31-01-2024

Date obtained: 06-02-2024

Date published: 19-02-2024

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PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	62	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100	
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.1	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	2	4	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	25	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.47	1.11	1.91	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	7.69	8.32	8.74	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.03	0.03	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	12	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

West Camden Water Resource Recovery Facility December Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 1675

Summary period: 01-12-2023 to 31-12-2023

Date obtained: 12-01-2024

Date published: 22-01-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	49	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100	
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.8	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	2	4	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	26	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.31	1.52	3.79	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	7.3	8.73	9.82	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.05	0.1	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	12	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

West Camden Water Resource Recovery Facility November Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-11-2023 to 30-11-2023

Date obtained: 11-12-2023

Date published: 14-12-2023

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PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	104	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100	
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	1.2	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	4	12	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	35	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.07	0.56	1.23	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	7.24	11.55	13.8	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.08	0.12	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	22	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

West Camden Water Resource Recovery Facility October Pollution Monitoring Summary

EPL 1675

Summary period: 01-10-2023 to 31-10-2023

Date obtained: 06-11-2023

Date published: 17-11-2023



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	78
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	1.1
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	2	3	5
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	38
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.21	1.32	2.85
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	6.87	8.82	13.3
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.09	0.15
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	18

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

West Camden Water Resource Recovery Facility September Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-09-2023 to 30-09-2023

Date obtained: 10-10-2023

Date published: 20-10-2023

Sydney **WAT ₹R**

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	77
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	1.3
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	1	3
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	46
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.95	2.11
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.36	6.51	8.97
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.07	0.1
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	16

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

West Camden Water Resource Recovery Facility **August Pollution Monitoring Summary**

EPL 1675

Summary period: 01-08-2023 to 31-08-2023

Date obtained: 07-09-2023

Date published: 14-09-2023



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	110	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100	
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<0.04	0.21	0.7	
cobalt	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	_	0.5	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	0.7	
cyanide	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	_	<5	
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	<1	<1	2	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	28	
nickel	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	_	3.7	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.54	1	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	7.85	10.31	12	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.06	0.1	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	20	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

West Camden Water Resource Recovery Facility July Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-07-2023 to 31-07-2023

Date obtained: 09-08-2023

Date published: 15-08-2023

Sydney **WAT ₹R**

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code WC0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	84
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	100
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	0.1
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	0.8
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	<1	1
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	33
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.03	0.88	2.65
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	9.08	12.51	17.2
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.12	0.21	0.33
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	22

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.