

Shellharbour Water Resource Recovery Facility

June Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 211

Summary period: 01-06-2024 to 30-06-2024
Date obtained: 08-07-2024
Date published: 22-07-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	6	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	22
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	3.4	7
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	9	47	190
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	5	7

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Shellharbour Water Resource Recovery Facility

May Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 211

Summary period: 01-05-2024 to 31-05-2024
Date obtained: 11-06-2024
Date published: 21-06-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	37	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	207
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	5	18
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	7.9
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	11	246007	790,000
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.2
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	6
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	11	28

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Shellharbour Water Resource Recovery Facility

April Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 211

Summary period: 01-04-2024 to 30-04-2024
Date obtained: 06-05-2024
Date published: 20-05-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	13	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	12
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	2
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.7
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	16	20086	100,000
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	3	5

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Shellharbour Water Resource Recovery Facility

March Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 211

Summary period: 01-03-2024 to 31-03-2024
Date obtained: 08-04-2024
Date published: 18-04-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	5	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	12
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	3	9
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.8
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	35	190165	950,000
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	8	13

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Shellharbour Water Resource Recovery Facility

February Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 211

Summary period: 01-02-2024 to 29-02-2024
Date obtained: 11-03-2024
Date published: 22-03-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant		unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
total suspended solids		mg/L	monthly	50	25	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004	Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	27
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	2.4	4
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.9
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	110	314	580
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.8
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3	8	14

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Shellharbour Water Resource Recovery Facility

January Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 211

Summary period: 01-01-2024 to 31-01-2024
Date obtained: 05-02-2024
Date published: 19-02-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant		unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
total suspended solids		mg/L	monthly	50	7	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004	Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	18
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	3	7
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.8
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	72	246	370
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3	8	11

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Shellharbour Water Resource Recovery Facility

December Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 211

Summary period: 01-12-2023 to 31-12-2023
Date obtained: 10-01-2024
Date published: 22-01-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant		unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
total suspended solids		mg/L	monthly	50	5	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004	Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	24
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	4.2	13
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.6
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	40	16759	100,000
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	13
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2	10	27

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Shellharbour Water Resource Recovery Facility

November Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 211

Summary period: 01-11-2023 to 30-11-2023
Date obtained: 13-12-2023
Date published: 19-12-2023

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant		unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
total suspended solids		mg/L	monthly	50	3	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004	Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	15
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	4.8	14
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.4
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	56	253	630
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.1
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2	7	12

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Shellharbour Water Resource Recovery Facility

October Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 211

Summary period: 01-10-2023 to 31-10-2023

Date obtained: 07-11-2023

Date published: 17-11-2023

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	8	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	16
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	4	6	9
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.3
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	24	83	170
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.5
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	5	8	10

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Shellharbour Water Resource Recovery Facility

September Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 211

Summary period: 01-09-2023 to 30-09-2023

Date obtained: 02-10-2023

Date published: 13-10-2023

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	7	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	14
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3	4.4	6
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.3
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	7	19	32
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	1.7
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	5	6

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Shellharbour Water Resource Recovery Facility

August Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 211

Summary period: 01-08-2023 to 31-08-2023

Date obtained: 04-09-2023

Date published: 14-09-2023

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	4	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	26
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2	4.8	13
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	1	14	41
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	5.9
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3	6	15

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Shellharbour Water Resource Recovery Facility

July Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 211

Summary period: 01-07-2023 to 31-07-2023

Date obtained: 05-08-2023

Date published: 15-08-2023

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits	
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	50	7	yes	

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code SH0004		Point description: At the southern end of the secondary effluent channel				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	39
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2	3.4	5
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.2
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	14	28	46
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.8
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	7	10

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 4 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).