Quakers Hill Water Resource Recovery Facility July Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1724

Summary period: 01-07-2025 to 31-07-2025 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

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Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean and 100 percentile data

EPA Point 4 Site code QH0004	Point description: Downstream of the overflow weir in the clean water tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM actual	100 percentile limit	100 percentile actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	-	-	yes
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	-	-	45	10.8	yes
phosphorus	mg/L	every 6 days	-	-	5	1	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	-	-	yes

¹⁰⁰ percentile means that 100 % of samples (or all samples) taken must not exceed the limit for that pollutant.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 4 Site code QH0004	Point description: Downstream of the overflow weir in the clean water tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	86	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	5.17	20	
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1	
chromium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	0.7	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.4	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.07	1.09	3.24	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	3.99	6.63	10.8	
phosphorus	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.08	0.31	1	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	9	44	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	24	

EPA Point 5 Site code QH0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	>100		
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	6	4,813	24,000		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 4 and 5 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

³ Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.