### **Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility June Pollution Monitoring Summary**

#### **EPL 1409**

Summary period: 01-06-2024 to 30-06-2024

Date obtained: 08-07-2024

Date published: 22-07-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	116		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.6		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	4	11		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	112		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.14	0.37		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	5.08	5.36	6.07		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.19	0.21	0.25		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	30		

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	·	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of measure							
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

### Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility May Pollution Monitoring Summary

#### **EPL 1409**

Summary period: 01-05-2024 to 31-05-2024

Date obtained: 11-06-2024

Date published: 21-06-2024

## Sydney **WAT ₹R**

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	100		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	7.3		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	1	11	28		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	115		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.34	0.9		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.32	5.14	5.76		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.1	0.19	0.5		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	37		

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	·	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	mg/L every 6 days 6 <0.04 <0.04 0.07						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol monthly 1 100						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

### Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility April Pollution Monitoring Summary

#### **EPL 1409**

Summary period: 01-04-2024 to 30-04-2024

Date obtained: 08-05-2024

Date published: 20-05-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit   3DGM Actual   within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes			

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	144		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	7		
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	7.3		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	15	13885	69,000		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	119		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.04	0.5	2.31		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	5.63	6.4	7.23		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.09	0.26	0.88		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	4	17		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	32		

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	•	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit ofsamplingnumber ofminimummeanmaximummeasurefrequencysamplesresultresultresult						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

# Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility March Pollution Monitoring Summary

#### **EPL 1409**

Summary period: 01-03-2024 to 31-03-2024

Date obtained: 09-04-2024

Date published: 23-04-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	116		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2		
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	<0.1		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	7.1		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	41	74	120		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	131		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.03	0.04	0.05		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	4.78	5.88	6.59		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.08	0.11	0.13		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	3	19		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	44		

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	·	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of measure							
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	<0.04		

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

### **Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility February Pollution Monitoring Summary**

#### **EPL 1409**

Summary period: 01-02-2024 to 29-02-2024

Date obtained: 13-03-2024

Date published: 25-03-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	4	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	tion: At the outle	et of the chlo	rine contact	tank	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	128
arsenic	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	_	0.6
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	4	<2	<2	2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<0.1
cobalt	ug/L	bi-annually	1	_	_	0.5
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	5
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	25	113	200
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	101
nickel	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	_	2.6
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	4	0.04	0.25	0.45
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	4	3.91	4.99	5.63
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	4	0.15	0.16	0.19
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	4	<2	<2	3
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	32

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result					
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04					

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

### Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility January Pollution Monitoring Summary

#### **EPL 1409**

Summary period: 01-01-2024 to 31-01-2024

Date obtained: 07-02-2024

Date published: 19-02-2024

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Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit   3DGM Actual   within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes			

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result			
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	128			
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2			
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1			
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	7.8			
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	180	380			
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30			
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	94			
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.03	0.09	0.16			
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	4.69	5.35	5.81			
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	6	0.05	0.08	0.1			
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2			
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	31			

EPA Point 21	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water						
Site code PR0021	Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
pondant	mododio	noquonoy	oumpioo	roount	roourt	rooure	
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<0.04	<0.04	0.04	

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	70.7		

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

# Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility December Pollution Monitoring Summary

#### **EPL 1409**

Summary period: 01-12-2023 to 31-12-2023

Date obtained: 10-01-2024

Date published: 22-01-2024



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	209		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	7.2		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	5	126	480		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	134		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.17	0.73		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2.78	3.59	4.54		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.05	0.07	0.08		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	27		

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	·	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of measure							
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

# Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility November Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-11-2023 to 30-11-2023

Date obtained: 06-12-2023

Date published: 14-12-2023



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	156		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	6.6		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	15	45	82		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	154		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.06	0.16		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2.97	4.74	5.93		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.07	0.11	0.14		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	26		

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	•	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit ofsamplingnumber ofminimummeanmaximummeasurefrequencysamplesresultresultresult						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

# Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility October Pollution Monitoring Summary

#### **EPL 1409**

Summary period: 01-10-2023 to 31-10-2023

Date obtained: 03-11-2023

Date published: 17-11-2023



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit   3DGM Actual   within limits							
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes				
total suspended solids	mg/L	mg/L monthly 10 <2 yes							

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result		
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	132		
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	<0.1		
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	6.7		
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	1	26	100		
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	<30		
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	121		
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.11	0.43		
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.29	5.74	6.93		
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.12	0.17	0.26		
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2		
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	21		

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	•	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

# Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility September Pollution Monitoring Summary



Summary period: 01-09-2023 to 30-09-2023

Date obtained: 05-10-2023

Date published: 13-10-2023



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank							
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits							
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes			

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	164	
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1	
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	3.6	
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	10	23	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30	
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	140	
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.11	0.41	
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4.35	5.91	8.68	
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.07	0.21	0.73	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2	
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	23	

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	•	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	% Effluent/Vol monthly 1 100						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

### Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility August Pollution Monitoring Summary

#### **EPL 1409**

Summary period: 01-08-2023 to 31-08-2023

Date obtained: 05-09-2023

Date published: 14-09-2023



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descript	tion: At the outle	et of the chlor	ine contact	tank	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	143
arsenic	ug/L	bi-annually	1	_	-	0.2
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1
cobalt	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	_	0.5
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.7
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	3	5
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	170
nickel	ug/L	bi-annually	1	-	-	2.2
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.02	0.03	0.05
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.23	3.6	4.69
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.07	0.07	0.08
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	25

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream					
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result					
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04					

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022	Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result						
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	% Effluent/Vol monthly 1 100					

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

# Penrith Water Resource Recovery Facility July Pollution Monitoring Summary

#### **EPL 1409**

Summary period: 01-07-2023 to 31-07-2023

Date obtained: 06-08-2023

Date published: 15-08-2023



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point description: At the outlet of the chlorine contact tank						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	10	<2	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 5 Site code PR0005	Point descrip	tion: At the outle	et of the chlo	rine contact	tank	
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	-	230
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
cadmium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<0.1
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	3.4
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	10	22
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
iron	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	199
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.03	0.19	0.67
nitrogen (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	3.26	3.59	4.25
phosphorus (total)	mg/L	every 6 days	5	0.07	0.08	0.1
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	23

EPA Point 21 Site code PR0021	•	Point description: Downstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
chlorine (total residual)	mg/L	mg/L every 6 days 5 <0.04 <0.04 <0.04						

EPA Point 22 Site code PR0022		Point description: Upstream of the St Marys Advanced Water Treatment Plant return stream						
pollutant	unit of sampling number of minimum mean maximum measure frequency samples result result result							
Ceriodaphnia dubia immobilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	% Effluent/Vol monthly 1 61.6						

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.