# Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant June Pollution Monitoring Summary



### **EPL 372**

Summary period: 01-06-2021 to 30-06-2021 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 01-07-2021 PO Box 399

Date published: 15-07-2021 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	59	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	199	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	758
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	273
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	45	52	60
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	0.9
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	150	178	220

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.Á

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# Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant May Pollution Monitoring Summary



Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

### **EPL 372**

Summary period: 01-05-2021 to 31-05-2021

Date obtained: 08-06-2021

Date published: 21-06-2021 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descrip	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit   3DGM Actual   within limits						
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	53	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	189	yes			

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	534
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	316
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	48	59	68
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	1.2
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	180	190	210

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.Á

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# Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant April Pollution Monitoring Summary



### **EPL 372**

Summary period: 01-04-2021 to 30-04-2021Á

Date obtained: 04-05-2021Á

Date published: 1Ï -05-2021Á

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	44	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	199	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descript	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	587	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	140	
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	43	50	66	
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	0.4	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	170	202	230	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.Á

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# Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant March Pollution Monitoring Summary



### **EPL 372**

Summary period: 01-03-2021 to 31-03-2021 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 04-04-2021 PO Box 399

Date published: 14-04-2021 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	39	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	163	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descript	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	447	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30	
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	167	
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	8	32	39	
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	0.7	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	59	138	170	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent i s discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the March monitoring period.

# Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant February Pollution Monitoring Summary



### **EPL 372**

Summary period: 01-02-2021 to 28-02-2021 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Date obtained: 07-03-2021 Date published: 17-03-2021

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descript	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits			
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	43	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	163	yes			

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descript	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	1,100	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30	
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	45	
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	35	40	45	
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	0.7	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	150	162	180	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the February monitoring period.

# Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant January Pollution Monitoring Summary



### **EPL 372**

Summary period: 01-01-2021 to 31-01-2021 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Date obtained: 12-02-2021 Date published: 23-02-2021

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descrip	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel						
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits			
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	42	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	180	yes			

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	438
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	48
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	328
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	39	44	54
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	3.4
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	150	166	180

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the January monitoring period.

# Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant December Pollution Monitoring Summary



### **EPL 372**

Summary period: 01-12-2020 to 31-12-2020 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 08-01-2021 PO Box 399

Date published: 18-01-2021 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	41	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	189	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descript	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	511	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	118	
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	33	41	48	
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	1.4	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	170	188	210	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep wat er ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the December monitoring period.

# Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant November Pollution Monitoring Summary



### **EPL 372**

Summary period: 01-11-2020 to 30-11-2020 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 10-12-2020 PO Box 399

Date published: 15-12-2020 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	41	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	203	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descript	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	735	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30	
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	169	
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	39	47	56	
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	0.7	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	160	192	210	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the November monitoring period.

# Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant October Pollution Monitoring Summary



### **EPL 372**

Summary period: 01-10-2020 to 31-10-2020 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Date obtained: 05-11-2020 Date published: 13-11-2020

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descript	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel						
pollutant	unit of measure	3DGM limit   3DGM Actual   within limits						
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	43	yes			
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	199	yes			

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descript	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	481	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	57	
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	36	38	40	
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	0.7	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	160	178	190	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the October monitoring period.

### Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant September Pollution Monitoring Summary



### **EPL 372**

Summary period: 01-09-2020 to 30-09-2020 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 07-10-2020 PO Box 399

Date published: 19-10-2020 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	39	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	159	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descript	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	823	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	<30	
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	_	94	
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	38	43	47	
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	_	4.8	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	120	134	150	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the September monitoring period.

# Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant August Pollution Monitoring Summary



### **EPL 372**

Summary period: 01-08-2020 to 31-08-2020 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 06-09-2020 PO Box 399

Date published: 16-09-2020 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	37	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	116	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descript	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	674	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	36	
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	29	39	48	
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	0.22	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	100	118	140	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the August monitoring period.

# Malabar Wastewater Treatment Plant July Pollution Monitoring Summary



### **EPL 372**

Summary period: 01-07-2020 to 31-07-2020 Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

Date obtained: 10-08-2020 PO Box 399

Date published: 14-08-2020 PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

#### Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel						
pollutant	unit of sampling measure frequency 3DGM limit 3DGM Actual within limits						
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	70	40	yes		
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	350	120	yes		

<sup>3</sup> Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 6 Site code MA0006	Point descript	Point description: Upstream of the bulkhead in the effluent channel					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result	
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	526	
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	<30	
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	_	_	338	
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	6	34	38	40	
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	_	_	0.34	
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	93	117	140	

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Point 6 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 2 (deep water ocean outfall).

As per clause M2.4 under EPL 372, collection of samples from EPA Point 7 or EPA Point 8 is required when sewage or effluent is discharged from EPA Point 3 or 4. There was no discharge from EPA Point 3 or 4 during the July monitoring period.