

Cronulla Water Resource Recovery Facility

June Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1728

Summary period: 01-06-2024 to 30-06-2024
Date obtained: 05-07-2024
Date published: 15-07-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	40	13	yes
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	15	<5	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	11	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	548
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	12.4	36
chlorpyrifos	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.05
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	16.9
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	5.1
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	7
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<5	<5	<5
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	14	49
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	33

EPA Point 17 Site code CR0017		Point description: Outlet of the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	10442	45,000
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 17 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Cronulla Water Resource Recovery Facility

May Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1728

Summary period: 01-05-2024 to 31-05-2024
Date obtained: 11-06-2024
Date published: 21-06-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	40	12	yes
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	15	5	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	5	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	39
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	2	9.6	24
chlorpyrifos	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.05
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	8.8
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	19.9
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<5	<5	<5
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	4	17
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	21

EPA Point 17 Site code CR0017		Point description: Outlet of the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	2	1981	9,800
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	89.2

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 17 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Cronulla Water Resource Recovery Facility

April Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1728

Summary period: 01-04-2024 to 30-04-2024
Date obtained: 06-05-2024
Date published: 20-05-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	40	5	yes
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	15	<5	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	5	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	17
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3
chlorpyrifos	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.05
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	2.9
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	18.9
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<5	<5	<5
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	12

EPA Point 17 Site code CR0017		Point description: Outlet of the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	5	362	1,500
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 17 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Cronulla Water Resource Recovery Facility

March Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1728

Summary period: 01-03-2024 to 31-03-2024
Date obtained: 08-04-2024
Date published: 18-04-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	40	3	yes
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	15	<5	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	17
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	5
chlorpyrifos	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.05
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.8
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	10.2
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<5	<5	<5
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	19

EPA Point 17 Site code CR0017		Point description: Outlet of the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	2	3395	15,000
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 17 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Cronulla Water Resource Recovery Facility

February Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1728

Summary period: 01-02-2024 to 29-02-2024
Date obtained: 11-03-2024
Date published: 22-03-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	40	9	yes
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	15	<5	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	3	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	21
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	6	12
chlorpyrifos	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.05
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	6.2
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	6.3
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<5	<5	7
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	3	10
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	29

EPA Point 17 Site code CR0017		Point description: Outlet of the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	5	52	170
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 17 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Cronulla Water Resource Recovery Facility

January Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1728

Summary period: 01-01-2024 to 31-01-2024
Date obtained: 05-02-2024
Date published: 19-02-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	40	2	yes
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	15	<5	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	19
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	3
chlorpyrifos	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.05
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	5.5
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	5.2
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<5	<5	<5
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	21

EPA Point 17 Site code CR0017		Point description: Outlet of the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	12	32
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 17 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Cronulla Water Resource Recovery Facility

December Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1728

Summary period: 01-12-2023 to 31-12-2023
Date obtained: 10-01-2024
Date published: 22-01-2024

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation
PO Box 399
PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber			
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	40	5	yes
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	15	<5	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003		Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	25
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	3.6	10
chlorpyrifos	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.05
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	6.7
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	19
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<5	<5	<5
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	24

EPA Point 17 Site code CR0017		Point description: Outlet of the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	<1	562	2,800
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 17 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Cronulla Water Resource Recovery Facility

November Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1728

Summary period: 01-11-2023 to 30-11-2023

Date obtained: 13-12-2023

Date published: 19-12-2023

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003	Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	40	7	yes
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	15	<5	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	4	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003	Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	157
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	7.8	29
chlorpyrifos	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.05
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	11.1
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	7.3
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<5	<5	<5
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	4	16
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	32

EPA Point 17 Site code CR0017	Point description: Outlet of the UV chamber					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	1	311	1,100
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 17 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Cronulla Water Resource Recovery Facility

October Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1728

Summary period: 01-10-2023 to 31-10-2023

Date obtained: 06-11-2023

Date published: 17-11-2023

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003	Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	40	5	yes
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	15	<5	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	3	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003	Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	65
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	7	19
chlorpyrifos	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.05
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	5
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	18.2
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<5	<5	<5
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	4
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	27

EPA Point 17 Site code CR0017	Point description: Outlet of the UV chamber					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	6	200	1080	3,100
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 17 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Cronulla Water Resource Recovery Facility

September Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1728

Summary period: 01-09-2023 to 30-09-2023

Date obtained: 16-10-2023

Date published: 20-10-2023

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003	Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	40	9	yes
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	15	<5	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003	Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	21
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	5.8	13
chlorpyrifos	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.05
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	4.4
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	17.4
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<5	<5	<5
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	31

EPA Point 17 Site code CR0017	Point description: Outlet of the UV chamber					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	8	1125	3,000
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	69.7

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 17 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Cronulla Water Resource Recovery Facility

August Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1728

Summary period: 01-08-2023 to 31-08-2023

Date obtained: 08-09-2023

Date published: 14-09-2023

Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003	Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	40	9	yes
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	15	<5	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003	Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	23
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	6	4	6.67	10
chlorpyrifos	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.05
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.4
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	22.1
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<5	<5	<5
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	6	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	20

EPA Point 17 Site code CR0017	Point description: Outlet of the UV chamber					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	1	49	140
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 17 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).

Cronulla Water Resource Recovery Facility

July Pollution Monitoring Summary



EPL 1728

Summary period: 01-07-2023 to 31-07-2023

Date obtained: 05-08-2023

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Licensee: Sydney Water Corporation

PO Box 399

PARRAMATTA NSW 2124

Table 1: 3 Day Geometric Mean data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003	Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber				
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	3DGM limit	3DGM Actual	within limits
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	monthly	40	6	yes
oil and grease	mg/L	monthly	15	<5	yes
total suspended solids	mg/L	monthly	30	<2	yes

3 Day Geometric Mean (3DGM) is a way to average a set of values and is commonly used with water quality assessments which show a great deal of variability. 3DGM is calculated by multiplying the results of the analysis of three samples collected on three consecutive days and then taking the cubed root of that amount.

Table 2: Routine monitoring data

EPA Point 3 Site code CR0003	Point description: Inlet to the UV chamber					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
aluminium	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	24
biochemical oxygen demand	mg/L	every 6 days	5	4	8.6	17
chlorpyrifos	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.05
copper	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	3.4
cyanide	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
diazinon	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<0.1
nitrogen (ammonia)	mg/L	monthly	1	-	-	29.7
nonylphenol ethoxylate	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<5
oil and grease	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<5	<5	<5
total suspended solids	mg/L	every 6 days	5	<2	<2	<2
zinc	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	20

EPA Point 17 Site code CR0017	Point description: Outlet of the UV chamber					
pollutant	unit of measure	sampling frequency	number of samples	minimum result	mean result	maximum result
faecal coliforms	CFU/100mL	every 6 days	5	2	1358	4,200
hydrogen sulphide (unionised)	ug/L	monthly	1	-	-	<30
sea urchin fertilisation (EC50)	% Effluent/Vol	monthly	1	-	-	100

Average and percentile limits are only applied annually for routine monitoring data in Table 2.

Effluent quality monitoring results obtained from EPA Points 3 and 17 are used to indicate the quality of water discharged at EPA Point 1 (discharge to waters).